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A confirmed record of Russell's kukri (*Oligodon russelius*) from Bangladesh

Oligodon russelius (Daudin, 1803) is closely allied to O. arnensis (Shaw, 1802) and distributed in the central, eastern and northern parts of India (Bandara et al. 2022). The existing literature on the herpetofauna of Bangladesh provide few reports of 0. arnensis (Kamruzzaman 2009, IUCN 2015, Khan 2018), but O. arnensis is confined to southern India and Bandera et al. (2022) assigned northern records to the resurrected O. russelius, with a range limit depicted in India near the border with Bangladesh. Therefore, the previous records from Bangladesh presumably represent О. russelius. On 26 July 2021, a single individual of Oligodon species (Fig. 1) was spotted in a Zhirkupara (24°30'9.38"N, residence at 88°25'01.85"E), Godagari, Rajshahi, Bangladesh. Although the landlord killed it and threw it away, we were able to get a photograph of the snake had being killed, and it was identified based on the taxonomic characteristics provided by Bandara et al. (2022). It had dorsum light olive brown; 38 black cross stripes along the body and few more rudimentary stripes on the broken tail; two inverted V-shaped black markings on the head; another inverted Y-shaped black marking on the nape, starting from the lateral side of the neck, pointing forward to the level of the interparietal region; venter uniform cream. We have identified that individual as the "northern Indian morph" of O. russelius as specified by Bandara et al. (2022) because it had cross stripes which were variegated with streaks before disappearing laterally on the body; the cross stripes were with distinct white margins. According to our understanding, this is the first documented O. russelius from Bangladesh with correctly identified photographic evidence.

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Figure 1. The killed individual of *O. russelius* spotted in a residence at Zhirkupara, Bangladesh

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